

# ASSOCIATED GAS COMPRESSOR DRIVEN BY THE PUMP JACK

#### Do you want to: Enhance the oil and gas production of the oil well Eliminate the gas blocking of the bottom pump Entirely recover the gas produced by the oil well Protect the environment Extend the operating duration of the well

Fill up the Questionnaire with the data specific to the application (well) and ask Confind for the appropriate CGA compressor at email:<u>confind@confind.ro</u>

CUSTOMER	Contact person	Tel.	Fax	e-mail

## 1. Data on the Pump jack

Location and identification number		
Model <sup>(1)</sup> and Producer		
	Actual	
Number of double strokes per minute	Scheduled <sup>(2)</sup>	
	Maximum available	
	Actual	(10)
Polished rod stroke	Scheduled <sup>(2)</sup>	(10)
	Maximum available	(10)
L1= horizontal distance between the walking beam main bearing center line and		(10)
polished rod vertical <sup>(3)</sup>		
L2= distance between the walking beam main bearing center line and the limit		(10)
to install the CGA compressor clamp on the	e walking beam <sup>(3)</sup>	
H= walking beam main bearing center line hight above the pump jack skid <sup>(3)</sup>		(10)
	Actual consumed	(10)
Motor power	Rated	(10)
Operating appendule <sup>(4)</sup>	Operating hours per day	·
Operating schedule <sup>(4)</sup>	Shut-downs per day	

(1) Please attach the pump jack Data Sheet, if available. If not, a picture is useful.

(2) Scheduled for the pump jack operation with CGA compressor installed.

Attention The scheduled values will be considered for the CGA compressor solution selection

(3) The requested data are necessary to select the compressor piston stroke. More dimensional data are requested in a different Questionnaire, in order to select the compressor supports and to check the pump jack – compressor assy kinematics after the compressor itself is selected.

(4) If the pump jack is not normally in continuous function, a more detailed clarification of data should be performed.

## 2. Data on the Oil & Gas actual process

Actual dayly liquid (oil + water) pumped by the bottom pump		(10)
Average bottom pump filling percentage (if available)		%
Gas pressure in the well casing Average value		(10)



# Procurement data sheet for associated gas compressor(CGA)

	Tight casing (no leak) value		(10)
Pressure in the oil delivery line,	Average value		(10)
near the well	Maximum, in normal operation		(10)
Gas flow produced by the well, <u>determined/evaluated<sup>(5)</sup> at/for the desired</u>			(10)
pressure in the well casing, actual units (cubic feet / day, for example)			
Gas specific gravity (SG)			-
Agressive components (H <sub>2</sub> S, CO <sub>2</sub>	2, others) in gas (%mol)		(10)

#### 3. Requirements and conditions for the CGA compressor

Gas flow to be pumped <sup>(5)</sup> at the desired well casig pressure, actual units		(10)
(cubic feet / day, for example)		
Desired <sup>(6)</sup> gas pressure in the well casing		(10)
Gas temperature at compressor's	Average value	(10)
suction connection <sup>(7)</sup>	Maximum, in normal operation	(10)
Maximum allowable discharge gas temperature <sup>(7)</sup>		(10)
Ambient temperature	Average value	(10)
	Maximum	(10)

## 4. Pressure drop on the Connecting Piping

Connecting Piping is in Customer full responsibility. The values are assumed by the Customer.

Pressure drop in the Connecting Piping suction line <sup>(7),(8)</sup>	(10)
Pressure drop in the Connecting Piping discharge line <sup>(7),(9)</sup>	(10)

(5) The gas flow produced by the well at the desired gas pressure in the well casing, normally should be requested as the gas flow to be pumped by the CGA compressor for the same pressure. The evaluation should be as good as possible. A significantly under-evaluation will lead to a higher than desired pressure in the casing. A significantly over-evaluation will lead to a lower pressure in the casing, but the normal pressure ratio of the compressor may be exceeded, thereby to have an over-heated compressor.

(6) The CGA compressor is destinated to pump the requested gas flow. The well casing pressure will be determined also by other factors, out of both the Producer and the Customer control. Thereby, the desired well casing pressure is a common goal and may no be a condition of success for the CGA compressor Producer.

- Thumb rule to limit thee compressor heating:

the absolute pressure in the well casing should be higher than the maximum in normal operation conditions absolute pressure in the oil delivery line divided by 4:4.2.

(7) Please consider the Connecting Piping to be provided by the Customer (see the CGA Compressor P&ID, CG001-ST document).

(8) Normally, the pressure drop should be up to 5% of the absolute pressure in the well casing. For the compressor selection, it's suction pressure will be considered to be the desired gas pressure in the well casing minus the pressure drop in the suction line.

(9) Normally, the pressure drop should be up to 5% of the absolute pressure in the oil delivery line. For the compressor selection, it's discharge pressure will be considered to be the maximum pressure in the oil delivery line for normal operation plus the pressure drop in the discharge line.

(10) Please provide the measurement unit.







